

EXHIBIT 1. Medicaid and CHIP Enrollment as a Percentage of the U.S. Population, 2015 (millions)

Population	Ever during FY 2015	Point in time during FY 2015	Point in time during CY 2015
	Estimates based on administrative data (CMS)¹		Survey data (NHIS)²
Medicaid enrollees	81.0 ³	67.3	Not available
CHIP enrollees	8.9	5.8	Not available
Totals for Medicaid and CHIP	89.9³	73.1	56.3
	Census Bureau data		Survey data (NHIS)²
U.S. population	321.9 ⁴	320.7 ⁴	316.0
	Administrative and Census Bureau data		Survey data (NHIS)²
Medicaid and CHIP enrollment as a percentage of U.S. population	27.9% ¹	22.8%	17.8%

Notes: FY is fiscal year. CY is calendar year. NHIS is National Health Interview Survey. Excludes the territories. For more detailed discussion of why Medicaid and CHIP enrollment numbers can vary, see <https://www.macpac.gov/macstats/data-sources-and-methods/>. As noted in this exhibit, reasons include differences in the sources of data (e.g., administrative records versus survey interviews), the individuals included in the data (e.g., those receiving full versus limited benefits, those who are living in the community versus an institution such as a nursing home), and the enrollment period examined (e.g., ever during the year versus at a point in time). Table posted online October 17, 2016.

¹ Estimates based on administrative data are from the President’s budget for FY 2017. Medicaid and CHIP enrollment numbers obtained from administrative data include individuals who received limited benefits (e.g., emergency services only). Combining administrative totals from Medicaid and CHIP may cause some individuals to be double-counted if they were enrolled in both programs during the year. Overcounting of enrollees in the administrative data may occur for other reasons—for example, individuals may move and be enrolled in two states’ Medicaid programs during the year. Excludes about 1.5 million individuals in the territories. All other figures in the table exclude individuals in the territories, but the number of excluded individuals is not available.

² NHIS data exclude individuals in institutions, such as nursing homes, and active-duty military; in addition, surveys such as the NHIS generally do not classify limited benefits as Medicaid or CHIP coverage and respondents are known to underreport Medicaid and CHIP coverage.

³ Ever-enrolled estimate was not available from CMS for the group of new adults enrolled under state expansions of Medicaid that began in January 2014 and beyond; total reflects the point-in-time estimate for this group instead. As a result, the total is an underestimate of the number of people ever enrolled.

⁴ The Census Bureau number in the ever-enrolled column was the estimated U.S. resident population as of October 2015 (the month with the largest count in FY 2015); the number of residents ever living in the United States during the year is not available. The Census Bureau point-in-time number is the average estimated monthly number of U.S. residents for FY 2015.

Source: MACPAC, 2016, analysis of CMS, Office of the Actuary, 2016, email to MACPAC staff, August 15; analysis of NHIS data; and analysis of Bureau of the Census, 2016, *Monthly population estimates for the United States: April 1, 2010 to December 1, 2016*, National totals: vintage 2015, <http://www.census.gov/popest/data/national/totals/2015/index.html>.