

EXHIBIT 32. CHIP Spending by State, FY 2015 (millions)

State	Total CHIP			Benefits						State program administration			Section 2105(g) spending ²
				Medicaid-expansion CHIP			Separate CHIP programs and coverage of pregnant women ¹						
	Total	Federal	State	Total	Federal	State	Total	Federal	State	Total	Federal	State	Federal
Alabama	\$267.4	\$209.0	\$58.4	\$118.7	\$92.6	\$26.1	\$141.3	\$110.6	\$30.7	\$7.4	\$5.8	\$1.6	–
Alaska	22.1	14.3	7.7	21.4	13.9	7.5	–	–	–	0.6	0.4	0.2	–
Arizona	118.3	92.1	26.2	111.2	86.6	24.6	6.6	5.1	1.5	0.6	0.4	0.1	–
Arkansas	170.0	135.4	34.6	167.6	133.3	34.3	0.8	0.7	0.1	1.6	1.4	0.2	–
California	2,216.3	1,440.6	775.7	1,995.4	1,297.0	698.4	132.2	86.0	46.3	88.6	57.6	31.0	–
Colorado	239.4	157.3	82.0	112.6	74.0	38.7	120.9	79.5	41.4	5.9	3.9	2.0	–
Connecticut	36.6	34.4	2.2	–	–	–	33.0	21.4	11.5	3.7	2.4	1.3	\$10.6
Delaware	42.2	28.6	13.6	16.6	11.4	5.3	24.8	16.7	8.1	0.8	0.6	0.3	–
District of Columbia	23.7	18.7	5.0	23.3	18.4	4.9	–	–	–	0.7	0.5	0.1	–
Florida	581.6	417.9	163.7	148.2	106.8	41.4	375.4	269.5	105.9	58.0	41.7	16.4	–
Georgia	403.0	309.6	93.4	96.9	74.3	22.6	274.2	210.7	63.4	31.9	24.6	7.4	–
Hawaii	49.2	32.7	16.5	46.3	30.8	15.5	–	–	–	2.9	2.0	1.0	–
Idaho	61.7	49.5	12.2	10.0	8.0	2.0	49.0	39.3	9.7	2.7	2.2	0.5	–
Illinois	437.8	286.8	151.0	114.0	74.4	39.6	288.2	189.1	99.1	35.6	23.4	12.2	–
Indiana	157.6	120.7	37.0	104.3	79.9	24.5	47.3	36.2	11.1	6.0	4.6	1.4	–
Iowa	153.3	105.7	47.6	34.6	23.8	10.8	106.9	73.7	33.2	11.8	8.2	3.7	–
Kansas	116.0	80.8	35.2	–	–	–	105.9	73.8	32.1	10.1	7.0	3.1	–
Kentucky	222.0	174.8	47.2	130.5	102.5	27.9	80.5	63.5	16.9	11.0	8.7	2.3	–
Louisiana	237.4	174.3	63.1	179.4	131.7	47.7	45.5	33.5	12.1	12.5	9.2	3.3	–
Maine	31.8	23.4	8.5	18.7	13.7	5.0	12.2	9.0	3.2	1.0	0.7	0.3	–
Maryland	313.2	203.6	109.6	289.0	187.9	101.2	–	–	–	24.2	15.7	8.5	–
Massachusetts	581.3	377.9	203.5	271.6	176.6	95.1	251.5	163.5	88.0	58.1	37.8	20.3	–
Michigan	327.5	248.9	78.6	218.6	166.3	52.4	104.5	79.3	25.2	4.3	3.3	1.0	–
Minnesota	32.5	46.8	-14.3	1.1	0.7	0.4	30.5	19.9	10.6	0.9	0.6	0.3	25.6
Mississippi	235.0	191.5	43.4	58.1	47.3	10.7	173.7	141.6	32.1	3.2	2.6	0.6	–
Missouri	171.8	127.7	44.1	106.3	79.1	27.2	48.4	35.9	12.4	17.1	12.7	4.4	–
Montana	91.7	69.8	21.9	24.7	18.8	5.9	62.0	47.2	14.8	5.1	3.9	1.2	–
Nebraska	82.5	55.5	27.0	67.1	45.2	22.0	13.5	9.1	4.4	1.9	1.3	0.6	–
Nevada	61.2	45.9	15.3	15.2	11.4	3.8	43.4	32.6	10.8	2.6	1.9	0.6	–

EXHIBIT 32. (continued)

State	Total CHIP			Benefits						State program administration			Section 2105(g) spending ²
				Medicaid-expansion CHIP			Separate CHIP programs and coverage of pregnant women ¹						
	Total	Federal	State	Total	Federal	State	Total	Federal	State	Total	Federal	State	Federal
New Hampshire	\$29.0	\$24.8	\$4.2	\$28.9	\$18.8	\$10.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$6.0
New Jersey	441.9	287.6	154.3	216.7	140.8	75.8	202.5	131.9	70.5	22.7	14.8	7.9	–
New Mexico	116.1	91.5	24.7	113.6	89.4	24.1	1.5	1.2	0.3	1.1	0.8	0.2	–
New York	1,165.4	757.7	407.8	617.6	401.4	216.2	532.5	346.3	186.3	15.3	10.0	5.4	–
North Carolina	430.3	327.6	102.8	253.6	193.1	60.6	168.4	128.2	40.2	8.3	6.3	2.0	–
North Dakota	22.3	14.5	7.8	12.4	8.0	4.3	8.9	5.8	3.1	1.0	0.7	0.4	–
Ohio	349.2	257.9	91.3	346.7	256.1	90.6	–	–	–	2.5	1.9	0.7	–
Oklahoma	179.6	131.8	47.8	155.2	113.8	41.4	18.9	13.9	5.0	5.6	4.1	1.5	–
Oregon	206.3	154.4	51.9	5.3	4.0	1.3	186.8	139.8	47.0	14.1	10.6	3.6	–
Pennsylvania	388.8	257.7	131.1	63.6	42.2	21.5	308.0	204.1	103.8	17.2	11.4	5.8	–
Rhode Island	72.8	47.3	25.5	68.1	44.2	23.9	2.7	1.8	1.0	2.0	1.3	0.7	–
South Carolina	154.4	122.4	31.9	149.2	118.5	30.7	–	–	–	5.2	3.9	1.3	–
South Dakota	24.7	16.3	8.4	18.2	12.0	6.2	6.0	4.0	2.0	0.4	0.3	0.1	–
Tennessee	205.5	155.1	50.4	52.4	39.6	12.8	135.6	102.3	33.2	17.5	13.2	4.3	–
Texas	1,354.1	956.4	397.7	421.8	297.8	123.9	866.3	611.9	254.4	66.1	46.7	19.4	–
Utah	147.5	117.0	30.4	114.2	90.6	23.6	27.3	21.7	5.6	6.0	4.7	1.2	–
Vermont	9.5	13.6	-4.1	10.0	6.9	3.1	–	–	–	0.9	0.7	0.3	7.0
Virginia	287.7	187.0	100.7	119.9	78.0	42.0	146.4	95.2	51.3	21.3	13.9	7.5	–
Washington	117.9	125.3	-7.4	28.3	18.4	9.9	84.9	55.3	29.6	4.6	3.0	1.6	48.6
West Virginia	62.1	49.7	12.5	18.3	14.6	3.7	39.7	31.8	8.0	4.1	3.3	0.8	–
Wisconsin	200.4	150.5	49.8	100.5	71.0	29.5	92.1	65.2	26.9	7.8	5.5	2.3	8.8
Wyoming	12.0	7.8	4.2	1.7	1.1	0.6	9.5	6.2	3.3	0.8	0.5	0.3	–
Subtotal	\$13,461.4	\$9,528.0	\$3,933.4	\$7,417.6	\$5,166.6	\$2,251.0	\$5,410.1	\$3,813.8	\$1,596.3	\$635.5	\$442.3	\$193.2	\$106.6
American Samoa	2.1	1.7	0.4	2.1	1.7	0.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Guam	8.1	5.9	2.2	8.1	5.9	2.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
N. Mariana Islands	1.0	0.9	0.1	1.0	0.9	0.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Puerto Rico	184.1	128.9	55.1	184.1	128.9	55.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Virgin Islands	5.4	3.8	1.6	5.4	3.8	1.6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total	\$13,662.2	\$9,669.3	\$3,993.0	\$7,618.4	\$5,307.9	\$2,310.5	\$5,410.1	\$3,813.8	\$1,596.3	\$635.5	\$442.3	\$193.2	\$106.6



EXHIBIT 32. (continued)

Notes: FY is fiscal year. Components may not add to total due to rounding. Federal CHIP spending on administration is generally limited to 10 percent of a state's total federal CHIP spending for the year. States with a Medicaid-expansion CHIP program may elect to receive reimbursement for administrative spending from Medicaid rather than CHIP funds; Medicaid funds are not shown in this exhibit.

– Dash indicates zero; 0.0% indicates an amount less than 0.05% that rounds to zero.

¹ Four states (Colorado, New Jersey, Rhode Island, and Virginia) use CHIP funds to provide coverage for pregnant women.

² Section 2105(g) of the Social Security Act permits 11 qualifying states to use CHIP funds to pay the difference between the regular Medicaid matching rate and the enhanced CHIP matching rate for Medicaid-enrolled, Medicaid-financed children whose family income exceeds 133 percent of the federal poverty level. Although these are CHIP funds, they effectively reduce state spending on children in Medicaid and do not require a state match within the CHIP program. In cases where the sum of 2105(g) federal CHIP spending (for Medicaid enrollees) and regular federal CHIP spending (for CHIP enrollees) exceeds total spending for CHIP enrollees, states are shown in this table as having negative state CHIP spending (Minnesota, Vermont, and Washington).

Source: MACPAC, 2015, analysis of Medicaid and CHIP Budget Expenditure System data from Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services as of December 30, 2015.