

TABLE 3. CHIP Enrollment by State, FY 2013

State	Program Type ¹ (as of January 1, 2014)	Children			Adults			Total CHIP Enrollment
		Medicaid expansion	Separate CHIP	Total children enrolled	Parents	Pregnant women	Total adults enrolled	
Total	–	2,481,333	5,649,460	8,130,793	209,324	10,149	219,473	8,350,266
Alabama	Separate	–	113,490	113,490	–	–	–	113,490
Alaska	Medicaid Expansion	16,566	–	16,566	–	–	–	16,566
Arizona	Separate	–	80,238	80,238	–	–	–	80,238
Arkansas	Combination	106,413	2,888	109,301	10,425	–	10,425	119,726
California	Combination	510,424	1,092,859	1,603,283	–	–	–	1,603,283
Colorado ^{2,3}	Combination	–	126,169	126,169	–	4,873	4,873	131,042
Connecticut	Separate	–	18,999	18,999	–	–	–	18,999
Delaware	Combination	79	13,101	13,180	–	–	–	13,180
District of Columbia	Medicaid Expansion	9,057	–	9,057	–	–	–	9,057
Florida	Combination	1,072	472,343	473,415	–	–	–	473,415
Georgia	Separate	–	269,906	269,906	–	–	–	269,906
Hawaii	Medicaid Expansion	30,979	–	30,979	–	–	–	30,979
Idaho ⁴	Combination	19,881	25,518	45,399	392	–	392	45,791
Illinois	Combination	162,134	174,963	337,097	–	–	–	337,097
Indiana	Combination	105,655	46,760	152,415	–	–	–	152,415
Iowa	Combination	22,159	61,511	83,670	–	–	–	83,670
Kansas	Separate	–	76,164	76,164	–	–	–	76,164
Kentucky	Combination	51,391	32,678	84,069	–	–	–	84,069
Louisiana	Combination	140,876	9,092	149,968	–	–	–	149,968
Maine	Combination	19,071	10,641	29,712	–	–	–	29,712
Maryland	Medicaid Expansion	135,454	–	135,454	–	–	–	135,454
Massachusetts	Combination	69,113	79,606	148,719	–	–	–	148,719
Michigan	Combination	19,229	70,441	89,670	–	–	–	89,670
Minnesota	Combination	91	3,744	3,835	–	–	–	3,835
Mississippi	Separate	–	93,120	93,120	–	–	–	93,120
Missouri	Combination	55,017	37,901	92,918	–	–	–	92,918
Montana ³	Combination	–	31,496	31,496	–	–	–	31,496
Nebraska	Combination	53,790	1,993	55,783	–	–	–	55,783
Nevada ³	Combination	–	20,277	20,277	–	–	–	20,277
New Hampshire	Medicaid Expansion	19,450	–	19,450	–	–	–	19,450

TABLE 3, Continued

State	Program Type ¹ (as of January 1, 2014)	Children			Adults			Total CHIP Enrollment
		Medicaid expansion	Separate CHIP	Total children enrolled	Parents	Pregnant women	Total adults enrolled	
New Jersey	Combination	90,512	116,249	206,761	183,717	291	184,008	390,769
New Mexico	Medicaid Expansion	9,368	–	9,368	14,790	–	14,790	24,158
New York ³	Combination	–	490,114	490,114	–	–	–	490,114
North Carolina	Combination	81,656	201,916	283,572	–	–	–	283,572
North Dakota	Combination	2,331	8,950	11,281	–	–	–	11,281
Ohio	Medicaid Expansion	286,817	–	286,817	–	–	–	286,817
Oklahoma	Combination	140,373	7,538	147,911	–	–	–	147,911
Oregon	Separate	–	128,061	128,061	–	–	–	128,061
Pennsylvania	Separate	–	267,073	267,073	–	–	–	267,073
Rhode Island	Combination	24,508	2,069	26,577	–	349	349	26,926
South Carolina	Medicaid Expansion	76,191	–	76,191	–	–	–	76,191
South Dakota	Combination	13,357	4,275	17,632	–	–	–	17,632
Tennessee	Combination	22,906	83,567	106,473	–	–	–	106,473
Texas	Separate	–	1,034,613	1,034,613	–	–	–	1,034,613
Utah	Separate	–	63,001	63,001	–	–	–	63,001
Vermont	Separate	–	7,393	7,393	–	–	–	7,393
Virginia	Combination	92,690	104,221	196,911	–	4,636	4,636	201,547
Washington	Separate	–	44,073	44,073	–	–	–	44,073
West Virginia	Separate	–	37,065	37,065	–	–	–	37,065
Wisconsin	Combination	92,723	74,569	167,292	–	–	–	167,292
Wyoming	Separate	–	8,815	8,815	–	–	–	8,815

Notes: Enrollment numbers generally include individuals ever enrolled during the year, even if for a single month; however, in the event individuals were in multiple categories during the year (for example, in Medicaid for the first half of the year but a separate CHIP program for the second half), the individual would only be counted in the most recent category. CHIP-funded coverage of childless adults was prohibited after December 31, 2009. New Jersey and Rhode Island cover targeted low-income pregnant women under a CHIP state plan option; all other CHIP-funded coverage of adults shown in the table was permitted through waivers. Data shown in the table are as of March 4, 2014; states may subsequently revise their current or historical data.

1 Under CHIP, states have the option to use an expansion of Medicaid, a separate CHIP program, or a combination of both approaches. In 2014, all states are eligible to receive CHIP funding for at least some Medicaid-enrolled children due to a mandatory transition of 6- to 18-year-olds between 100 and 133 percent FPL in separate CHIP programs to Medicaid, and a mandatory income disregard equal to 5 percent FPL that effectively raises Medicaid eligibility levels by 5 percentage points. See Table 9 for more information.

2 Colorado data are from fiscal year (FY) 2012.

3 Montana, Nevada, and New York were combination programs in FY 2013 but did not report any Medicaid-expansion enrollees in the CHIP Statistical Enrollment Data System (SEDS). Colorado became a combination program in FY 2013 but had not yet reported any SEDS data for that year as of March 4, 2014; as a result, FY 2012 data shown here do not include Medicaid-expansion enrollees.

4 Data on adults are from FY 2012 for Idaho.

Sources: For numbers of children: MACPAC analysis of CHIP Statistical Enrollment Data System (SEDS) from Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) as of March 4, 2014; for numbers of adults: CMS analysis for MACPAC of SEDS as of February 28, 2014, as reported by states; for CHIP program type: MACPAC analysis of CHIP state plan amendments on the CMS website and CMS, *Children's Health Insurance Program: Plan activity as of January 1, 2014*.