

# Medicaid and CHIP Premium Assistance and the Basic Health Program

Medicaid and CHIP Payment and Access Commission
Joanne Jee

#### Overview

- Medicaid and CHIP premium assistance
- State-funded exchange subsidies
- Basic Health Program (BHP)
- Policy questions

#### **Premium Assistance - Snapshot**

	Pre-ACA	Post-ACA (1115 waivers)
Coverage	Mostly employer-sponsored coverage	Exchange coverage
Eligible individuals	Medicaid/CHIP eligible; some parents, families*	Newly eligible adult population, excluding medically frail
Benefits	All Medicaid/CHIP benefits; wrap-around coverage	Medicaid alternative benefits package; wrap-around coverage
Cost-sharing	Medicaid/CHIP rules apply; wrap-around coverage	Wrap-around coverage
Status	39 state programs, less than 200,000 enrollees (2009)	Implemented in Iowa and Arkansas; effective January 1, 2016 in New Hampshire

<sup>\*</sup> Varies by authority.

### Premium Assistance – State Experience

- Wrap around coverage is complex to administer
- Educating families about premium assistance can be difficult
- Evaluations of exchange premium assistance programs are not yet available

#### State-funded Exchange Subsidies

- Four states (MA, NY, RI, VT) with a state exchange supplement federal subsidies
- State-funded exchange subsidies build on existing federal subsidies to reduce enrollee share of premium
- MA and VT also provide cost-sharing subsidies
- States receive federal match for premium subsidies

### **Basic Health Program (BHP)**

	Federal Rules
Eligible population	<ul> <li>Under age 65 years, 138-200 percent FPL, including lawfully present aliens</li> <li>Not eligible for Medicaid, CHIP, affordable ESI, or other minimum essential coverage</li> </ul>
Benefits	Must cover at least the 10 essential health benefits in the state's exchange benchmark plan
Out-of-pocket costs	Premiums and cost sharing no more than in exchange
Federal funding	95 percent of the exchange premium and cost sharing subsidies that would have been provided; may not be used for administrative costs
Status	Minnesota and New York have implemented

#### Questions

- Are any of the mechanisms feasible or suitable for the future design of children's coverage? Is one preferable?
- How would mechanisms interact with existing federal exchange subsidies?
- Are particular groups of children best suited for any of the mechanisms?
- How could program administration be streamlined?
- What level of family or employer contribution would be appropriate?
- What would the financing structure look like? What would federal and state responsibilities be?



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