

State Requests Affecting Medicaid Eligibility under Section 1115 Research and Demonstration Waivers

Medicaid and CHIP Payment and Access Commission

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Overview

- Background on Section 1115 research and demonstration waiver authority
- Overview of the waiver provisions and the hypotheses being tested
- For each key issue:
 - Describe specific elements of each state's proposal,
 - Review research findings on the effects of these provisions when they have been implemented in other programs including Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
 - Discuss possible implications for Medicaid
- Policy questions
- Next steps



Background on Section 1115 Waiver Authority

- Section 1115 waivers allow states to test approaches to coverage that are not allowed under traditional Medicaid
- The Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (the Secretary) has broad waiver authority under Section 1115
- Use and scope has expanded over time



State Waiver Requests

State	Work requirement	Time limit	Drug testing
Arizona	\checkmark		
Arkansas	\checkmark		
Indiana	\checkmark	✓	
Kentucky	✓		
Maine	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Utah	\checkmark	✓	
Wisconsin	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓

Source: MACPAC 2017 analysis of Section 1115 waiver applications.



Federal Proposals

- The American Health Care Act and the Better Care Reconciliation Act would both provide a state option to implement work requirements
- States would not have to request Section 1115 waiver authority



Hypotheses Being Tested

- Work requirements will increase rates of beneficiary employment, participation in job search and employment-related training, and earned income among those who leave the program
- Work requirements and time limits will support beneficiaries transition to commercial coverage and self-sufficiency and decrease reliance on public programs
- Drug screening and testing will lead to improved health and employment outcomes



Areas for Commission Consideration

- Merits of the proposals
- Relation to the purposes of the Medicaid program
- Issues related to implementation
- Whether Section 1115 authority is the appropriate vehicle for implementing these provisions in Medicaid



Features of Work Requirement Proposals

Exemptions to the work requirement

 Individuals determined to be physically or mentally unable or with exemptions from other programs, students and caretakers

Activities that satisfy the work requirement

- Employment, job training, volunteering
- Participation hours generally set at 20 per week or 80 per month

Penalties for not satisfying the work requirement

- Disenrollment
- Disenrollment with a lock-out period
- Time limit on enrollment

Research on the Impact of Work Requirements in TANF

- The TANF caseload declined following implementation of work requirements (50 percent between 1997 and 2010)
- Employment grew among families headed by single mothers, however
 - Gains were not sustained over time
 - Families leaving the program experienced little income growth
- One-third of TANF beneficiaries subject to the work requirement are meeting it
 - Of those, 70 percent meet it through employment
 - Individuals not meeting the requirement face barriers to finding sustained employment
- Tracking beneficiary work and community engagement participation hours has been administratively burdensome for states



Assessing the Impact of Medicaid Work Requirements

Coverage losses

- States anticipate reductions in Medicaid enrollment
- Coverage losses also likely among individuals meeting the requirement who are deterred by additional documentation requirements

Incentivizing employment

- Requires jobs and volunteer opportunities to be available
- Employment does not supplant Medicaid benefits in the same way it supplants cash assistance benefits



Features of Time Limit Proposals

- Length of the time limit and process for reenrollment varies by state
- Time limits are closely tied to work requirements
- In all four states, time in which members were enrolled prior to the waiver or qualified through a separate pathway does not count



Implications of Time Limits

- Difficult to estimate impact of a Medicaid time limit due to lack of data
- In TANF, low rate of disenrollment due to time limits
 - 1.8 percent of closed TANF cases in FY 2013 were due to families reaching the time limit
 - 13 percent of TANF families in FY 2013 had received benefits for four or more years
 - States can extend eligibility past time limit
- However, TANF time limits apply regardless of employment status



Wisconsin Request for Drug Screening and Testing

- Applicants would be required to undergo a drug screening assessment
- If screening indicates possible substance abuse, applicants would be required to undergo a drug test or agree to undergo treatment
- Applicants testing positive would be referred to treatment and be required to participate
- Applicants who refuse at any stage of the process would be disenrolled but could re-apply for benefits at any time



Implications of Drug Testing

- Estimated rates of substance use among beneficiaries of public programs vary widely
 - Prior MACPAC work shows higher rate of opioid use disorder among Medicaid adults than privately insured
- 15 states have enacted legislation requiring drug screening or testing for TANF applicants
 - Low numbers of applicants testing positive or dropping out
 - High program cost per positive test
 - Little is known about the extent to which TANF applicants testing positive were referred to treatment
- Coverage losses in Wisconsin could be small, but success of program will depend on availability of treatment
 - Prior MACPAC work shows treatment availability as a barrier to addressing substance use disorder



Policy Questions

- Potential effects of these new conditions on eligibility
- Lessons from the use of design elements from other programs
- Whether certain features are more appropriate for some populations than others, and how states should identify those populations
- Administrative capacity considerations
- Evaluation strategies



Next Steps

- Publishing descriptive work on each of these issues separately or together (for example, MACPAC issue briefs)
- Further developing the Commission's views on these provisions to note issues or concerns that the states and the Secretary should consider
- Further analysis based on areas of Commissioner interest





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