

EXHIBIT 30. Percentage of Medicaid Enrollees in Managed Care by State and Eligibility Group, FY 2020

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care											
		Comprehensive managed care ¹					Limited-benefit plans ²						
		Total	Child	New adult group ⁴	Other adult ⁵	Aged	Total	Child	New adult group ⁴	Other adult ⁵	Aged		
Total	83,570	70.4%	82.0%	81.8%	61.1%	51.7%	36.5%	43.3%	52.6%	31.9%	37.4%	51.7%	37.2%
Alabama	1,115	0.0	-	-	-	0.0	0.1	6.6	-	-	0.1	16.3	28.5
Alaska	252	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	2,182	91.0	98.5	93.5	82.9	90.7	70.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arkansas ⁶	1,009	0.0	-	-	-	0.0	0.5	88.9	97.8	96.2	87.8	73.0	41.7
California ⁷	14,281	74.1	87.8	82.4	47.1	84.3	72.6	5.7	6.1	7.3	4.0	6.5	3.5
Colorado	1,468	13.0	11.3	15.3	12.8	11.0	13.7	95.1	99.1	98.1	96.7	86.5	60.0
Connecticut	1,117	0.0	-	0.0	-	-	-	88.4	99.9	100.0	96.8	61.3	37.6
Delaware	279	86.0	95.7	93.7	78.3	71.4	45.9	88.9	97.7	98.8	80.9	73.6	45.4
District of Columbia ⁸	278	74.0	93.4	91.0	94.5	17.2	1.9	31.3	15.6	22.7	17.5	80.1	66.0
Florida	4,573	77.8	97.1	-	74.8	62.6	34.9	90.1	99.3	-	88.6	83.2	69.2
Georgia	2,373	71.3	97.5	-	93.1	3.6	0.0	82.7	97.0	-	78.5	67.4	41.2
Hawaii	386	98.0	99.9	99.3	99.7	93.3	87.4	1.4	0.0	0.9	0.4	13.0	2.1
Idaho	401	-	-	-	-	-	-	94.1	99.9	99.6	98.0	83.0	58.7
Illinois ⁸	3,220	80.7	90.6	86.9	75.6	46.4	44.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indiana ⁶	1,795	73.9	88.9	94.6	44.8	33.0	6.1	24.9	26.4	0.7	36.3	58.1	60.3
Iowa	755	93.7	97.9	96.9	90.6	89.5	70.3	56.0	3.2	98.4	83.9	76.1	70.6
Kansas	431	93.3	99.9	-	97.4	84.5	67.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kentucky ⁸	1,670	79.3	94.1	77.7	89.6	68.5	35.0	90.5	97.4	93.5	94.9	79.3	57.8
Louisiana ⁶	1,761	92.5	99.7	98.2	92.8	82.1	57.1	92.6	99.6	98.3	93.2	82.5	57.6
Maine	375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	1,470	84.5	98.5	96.2	86.9	56.7	2.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	1,934	42.6	49.9	55.7	36.9	32.3	33.8	33.1	45.6	41.0	29.2	34.6	2.0
Michigan	2,873	77.5	85.9	82.7	81.6	62.3	28.2	97.1	99.7	97.0	97.3	95.2	86.4
Minnesota	1,304	84.6	89.1	93.3	83.8	52.3	75.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	771	68.0	96.2	-	70.6	42.9	1.4	18.2	6.9	-	15.5	29.7	44.7

EXHIBIT 30. (continued)

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care											
		Comprehensive managed care ¹					Limited-benefit plans ²						
		Total	Child	New adult group ⁴	Other adult ⁵	Disabled	Aged	Total	Child	New adult group ⁴	Other adult ⁵	Disabled	Aged
Missouri	1,119	67.4%	96.8%	—	80.8%	0.4%	0.0%	94.6%	100.0%	—	89.4%	89.4%	81.2%
Montana	289	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nebraska ⁹	267	97.4	99.8	100.0%	98.6	93.9	87.0	97.2	100.0%	100.0%	98.4	93.8	86.3
Nevada	835	74.0	85.4	87.7	83.9	4.0	1.4	92.1	99.1	97.8	94.2	72.8	41.3
New Hampshire	233	88.8	98.8	96.6	74.6	67.7	60.6	2.6	0.4	2.0	1.7	9.5	6.0
New Jersey	1,837	94.2	96.1	93.9	86.0	96.6	92.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
New Mexico	926	82.6	91.8	90.9	63.7	78.9	45.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
New York	7,025	73.6	92.7	90.3	61.7	49.3	13.3	4.3	0.0	0.4	0.5	7.1	28.2
North Carolina	2,376	0.1	—	—	0.0	0.1	1.0	80.8	99.5	—	53.3	90.6	72.1
North Dakota ⁷	115	28.6	0.0	99.5	17.1	5.3	3.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ohio	3,089	83.1	97.7	94.7	94.6	49.8	9.7	5.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	15.0	34.1
Oklahoma	932	0.1	—	—	—	0.1	0.8	90.3	97.2	—	81.3	83.4	78.0
Oregon	1,095	83.4	92.7	87.9	81.3	50.4	37.7	7.2	7.5	6.7	8.7	10.7	4.6
Pennsylvania	3,251	91.9	96.6	94.7	91.4	87.5	76.8	92.9	97.4	96.0	92.8	89.2	75.4
Rhode Island	337	79.0	82.5	95.6	79.6	68.1	27.9	87.9	90.0	96.5	80.0	91.7	65.4
South Carolina	1,343	65.2	91.9	—	48.1	39.5	22.7	82.0	99.3	—	52.6	93.9	82.3
South Dakota	127	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tennessee	1,750	92.7	100.0	—	100.0	81.3	51.0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Texas ⁹	5,273	81.7	97.1	—	56.9	71.5	44.2	84.3	99.3	—	58.0	76.9	48.4
Utah ^{7, 8}	392	78.9	86.6	66.7	74.9	79.6	65.2	93.2	98.6	81.9	89.2	96.3	91.0
Vermont	189	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Virginia	1,704	72.5	97.3	85.5	76.3	2.9	4.4	16.9	0.2	8.4	1.7	79.7	64.0
Washington ⁶	2,070	85.6	96.6	96.5	86.4	53.0	5.7	18.9	11.9	13.8	12.3	40.4	67.9
West Virginia	610	82.8	99.2	98.4	95.0	50.1	3.3	63.6	68.0	58.5	62.3	74.5	48.7
Wisconsin	1,329	71.0	91.8	—	84.0	32.6	8.6	93.9	99.6	—	99.0	96.7	54.9
Wyoming	75	0.2	—	—	—	0.2	1.6	0.0	0.0	—	—	—	—

EXHIBIT 30. (continued)

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care						
		Primary care case management ³						
		Total	Child	New adult group ⁴	Other adult ⁵	Disabled	Aged	
Total	83,570	7.8%	11.0%	5.1%	7.8%	7.9%	2.4%	
Alabama	1,115	78.2	97.4	-	93.5	52.8	16.9	
Alaska	252	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Arizona	2,182	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Arkansas ⁶	1,009	47.6	83.0	10.6	48.3	53.4	2.6	
California ⁷	14,281	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Colorado	1,468	93.8	98.0	96.6	95.1	85.7	59.5	
Connecticut	1,117	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Delaware	279	-	-	-	-	-	-	
District of Columbia ⁸	278	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Florida	4,573	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Georgia	2,373	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hawaii	386	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Idaho	401	82.9	95.6	81.8	87.7	70.1	32.2	
Illinois ⁸	3,220	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Indiana ⁶	1,795	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iowa	755	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	
Kansas	431	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kentucky ⁸	1,670	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Louisiana ⁶	1,761	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Maine	375	56.5	83.3	84.7	56.8	32.4	1.3	
Maryland	1,470	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Massachusetts	1,934	27.3	33.8	39.6	26.7	23.4	1.2	
Michigan	2,873	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Minnesota	1,304	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mississippi	771	-	-	-	-	-	-	

EXHIBIT 30. (continued)

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care					
		Total	Child	New adult group ⁴	Other adult ⁵	Disabled	Aged
Missouri	1,119	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	289	83.6%	95.0%	94.3%	84.0%	43.2%	3.6%
Nebraska ⁹	267	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	835	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire	233	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Jersey	1,837	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Mexico	926	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	7,025	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Carolina	2,376	70.0	96.0	-	39.7	75.6	43.4
North Dakota ⁷	115	50.4	87.4	5.9	95.7	1.7	0.0
Ohio	3,089	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma	932	64.9	83.7	-	59.1	31.9	1.4
Oregon	1,095	24.7	23.8	26.2	26.6	24.5	15.7
Pennsylvania	3,251	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island	337	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	1,343	0.1	0.0	-	-	0.4	-
South Dakota	127	72.9	90.3	-	88.8	36.9	10.3
Tennessee	1,750	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas ⁹	5,273	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utah ^{7, 8}	392	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	189	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	1,704	-	-	-	-	-	-
Washington ⁶	2,070	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.0
West Virginia	610	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin	1,329	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	75	-	-	-	-	-	-

EXHIBIT 30. (continued)

Notes: FY is fiscal year. Enrollment numbers generally include individuals ever enrolled in Medicaid-financed coverage during the year, even if for a single month. However, in the event individuals were also enrolled in CHIP-financed Medicaid coverage (i.e., Medicaid-expansion CHIP) during the year, they are excluded if their most recent enrollment month was in Medicaid-expansion CHIP. Numbers exclude individuals enrolled only in Medicaid-expansion CHIP during the year and enrollees in the territories. Children and adults under age 65 who qualify for Medicaid on the basis of disability are included in the disabled category. Individuals age 65 and older eligible through an aged, blind, or disabled pathway are included in the aged category. Additionally, figures shown here may not be directly comparable to prior years due to differences in reporting between the Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System (T-MSIS) and the Medicaid Statistical Information System (MSIS).

Individuals are counted as participating in managed care if they had at least one month indicating plan enrollment. For MACPAC's analysis, Medicaid enrollees were assigned a unique national identification (ID) number using an algorithm that incorporates state-specific ID numbers and beneficiary characteristics such as date of birth and gender. The state and national enrollment counts shown here are unduplicated using this national ID. The sum of the state totals exceeds the national total because individuals may be enrolled in more than one state during the year. Medicaid enrollees may be enrolled concurrently in more than one type of managed care program (e.g., a comprehensive plan and a limited-benefit plan), so the sum of enrollment across program types as a percentage of total Medicaid enrollment may be greater than 100 percent.

Figures shown here, which are based on T-MSIS data, may differ from those that use Medicaid managed care enrollment report data. Reasons for differences include differing time periods, state reporting anomalies, and the treatment of Medicaid-expansion CHIP enrollees (excluded here but included in enrollment report data). Although the enrollment report is a commonly cited source, it does not provide information on the characteristics of enrollees in managed care (e.g., eligibility group).

– Dash indicates zero; 0.0% indicates an amount less than 0.05% that rounds to zero.

- ¹ Includes comprehensive managed care, health insuring organization, and Programs of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).
- ² Includes prepaid inpatient health plan (PIHP), prepaid ambulatory health plan (PAHP), accountable care organization, and other plan types. PIHPs and PAHPs include plans covering services for long-term services and supports, behavioral health, substance use disorder, dental, transportation, and pharmacy.
- ³ Primary care case management (PCCM) includes traditional PCCM, enhanced PCCM, and medical and health homes.
- ⁴ Includes both newly eligible and not newly eligible adults who are eligible under Section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the Social Security Act (the Act). Newly eligible adults include those who are not eligible for Medicaid under the rules that a state had in place on December 1, 2009. Not newly eligible adults include those who would have previously been eligible for Medicaid under the rules that a state had in place on December 1, 2009; this includes states that had already expanded to adults with incomes greater than 100 percent of the federal poverty level as of March 23, 2010, and receive the expansion state transitional matching rate.
- ⁵ Includes adults age 19 to 64 who qualify through a pathway other than disability or Section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the Act (e.g., parents and caretakers, pregnancy).
- ⁶ State reported a large shift of enrollees between eligibility groups. Arkansas reported a 97 percent decrease for the other adult group and a 17 percent increase for the child group. Indiana reported a 15 percent decrease for the disabled group and a 30 percent increase for the other adult group. Louisiana reported a 46 percent decrease in the other adult group and a 57 percent increase in the aged group and a 20 percent increase in the disabled group; the state appears to have reversed large changes in these groups that were reported in the T-MSIS data in 2019. Washington reported a 167 percent increase in the other adult group and a 13 percent decrease in the new adult group.
- ⁷ State has a state plan amendment (SPA) that allows the state to receive the enhanced federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) for children enrolled in Medicaid who would have, before January 1, 2014, been enrolled in CHIP if not for the elimination of the Medicaid asset test. These children cannot be separately identified in the T-MSIS data. Because the state claims the spending for these children as Medicaid-expansion CHIP, we reduced child enrollment and spending in these states based on the proportion reported in their SPA. Correspondingly, we reduced California's child enrollment by approximately 241,000, North Dakota's child enrollment by approximately 3,000, and Utah's child enrollment by approximately 11,000.
- ⁸ State reported enrollment for the new adult group that shows a difference of greater than 20 percent when compared with the CMS-64 enrollment report. The District of Columbia's average monthly enrollment was 38 percent less than the benchmark; Illinois's average monthly enrollment was 117 percent more than the benchmark; and Kentucky's average monthly enrollment was 25 percent more than the benchmark. Utah's average monthly enrollment was 24 percent more than the benchmark; this is due to the state reporting approximately 40,000 enrollees in the new adult group each month between October and December 2019 in T-MSIS but not reporting any enrollment for those months on the CMS-64 enrollment report.
- ⁹ State reported enrollment for the new adult group even though it had not expanded coverage in FY 2020. Nebraska began accepting applications for the new adult group beginning in August 2020, but benefits did not begin until October 1, 2020.

Source: MACPAC, 2022, analysis of T-MSIS data as of February 2022.