

**EXHIBIT 30.** Percentage of Medicaid Enrollees in Managed Care by State and Eligibility Group, FY 2021

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care											
		Comprehensive managed care <sup>1</sup>						Limited-benefit plans <sup>2</sup>					
		Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged	Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged
<b>Total</b>	<b>87,979</b>	<b>72.4%</b>	<b>85.0%</b>	<b>81.5%</b>	<b>64.9%</b>	<b>52.9%</b>	<b>36.8%</b>	<b>42.1%</b>	<b>51.3%</b>	<b>32.4%</b>	<b>36.0%</b>	<b>49.7%</b>	<b>35.6%</b>
Alabama	1,162	0.0	–	–	–	0.0	0.1	7.5	0.0	–	0.1	18.8	33.4
Alaska	255	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Arizona	2,266	91.1	98.6	93.6	83.2	91.1	71.1	0.0	–	0.0	0.0	–	–
Arkansas	1,045	0.1	–	0.0	–	0.0	0.6	88.9	96.9	96.2	77.3	73.4	41.4
California <sup>6</sup>	13,918	78.6	90.2	84.5	56.9	85.1	73.0	6.1	6.2	7.6	4.7	6.5	3.6
Colorado <sup>7</sup>	1,551	12.1	8.7	14.6	12.4	10.7	13.7	95.2	99.3	98.7	92.8	87.5	57.9
Connecticut	1,177	0.0	–	0.0	–	–	–	86.1	99.3	100.0	85.6	59.1	35.8
Delaware	292	86.8	96.1	94.7	78.7	72.8	44.8	88.6	96.9	98.5	80.3	74.1	44.1
District of Columbia <sup>8</sup>	278	81.5	94.6	94.8	96.9	54.9	7.6	22.2	11.4	17.7	11.3	43.4	62.0
Florida	5,054	78.9	97.5	–	76.6	62.8	34.3	92.2	99.5	–	92.8	85.8	72.6
Georgia	2,448	72.3	98.3	–	93.6	3.4	0.0	83.3	97.8	–	79.5	67.8	40.0
Hawaii	429	98.3	99.9	99.8	99.8	93.4	87.7	1.3	0.0	0.9	0.4	13.1	2.2
Idaho	436	–	–	–	–	–	–	94.5	99.9	99.7	98.3	83.6	58.8
Illinois <sup>8</sup>	3,371	81.1	92.1	87.4	59.7	49.8	45.9	–	–	–	–	–	–
Indiana <sup>7</sup>	1,932	78.4	91.5	100.0	76.4	29.4	6.5	19.9	17.2	0.2	13.5	61.6	65.1
Iowa	791	94.0	98.2	96.4	92.2	89.5	70.3	94.1	95.3	98.1	94.9	91.2	70.5
Kansas	452	93.5	100.0	–	96.7	85.4	67.7	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kentucky	1,734	87.8	97.8	93.0	95.2	69.2	36.2	92.5	98.3	96.5	96.8	80.2	58.5
Louisiana <sup>7</sup>	1,823	93.0	99.9	98.9	93.8	81.9	56.7	93.3	99.9	98.9	94.1	83.6	57.2
Maine	422	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Maryland	1,548	84.9	98.6	95.4	86.8	57.0	2.0	–	–	–	–	–	–
Massachusetts	1,980	41.8	49.7	52.0	36.5	31.8	34.2	33.3	44.7	42.3	28.8	35.8	2.0
Michigan	3,001	78.1	86.1	84.4	81.0	62.1	28.7	96.1	99.0	96.9	95.0	93.9	84.2
Minnesota	1,338	85.6	89.7	94.3	85.2	53.6	75.1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mississippi	827	66.3	92.7	–	62.1	42.6	1.4	–	–	–	–	–	–

## EXHIBIT 30. (continued)

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care											
		Comprehensive managed care <sup>1</sup>						Limited-benefit plans <sup>2</sup>					
		Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged	Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged
Missouri	1,240	65.6%	97.0%	0.5%	84.2%	0.4%	0.0%	95.2%	100.0%	98.9%	91.6%	89.8%	80.7%
Montana	289	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nebraska	331	97.9	99.8	99.1	99.3	94.8	86.5	87.1	99.6	39.1	98.9	94.6	85.6
Nevada	880	74.8	86.1	88.0	83.9	4.1	2.0	92.3	99.5	98.2	94.3	72.5	37.4
New Hampshire	249	87.6	98.4	97.2	63.6	66.9	59.6	0.7	0.1	0.8	0.7	1.7	1.9
New Jersey	1,923	94.5	95.8	94.8	85.9	97.0	94.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
New Mexico	962	83.3	92.3	91.2	70.5	71.4	43.3	–	–	–	–	–	–
New York	7,253	75.2	94.6	92.1	61.5	50.2	13.8	3.9	0.0	0.5	0.5	7.0	26.2
North Carolina	2,535	55.2	86.0	–	41.8	28.3	2.7	78.0	95.8	–	52.6	90.7	71.6
North Dakota <sup>6</sup>	125	29.5	0.1	99.5	14.8	5.0	4.4	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ohio	3,146	83.5	98.3	94.9	94.7	49.6	10.1	5.1	0.0	0.0	2.0	15.8	34.6
Oklahoma	1,109	0.1	–	–	–	0.2	0.8	–	–	–	–	–	–
Oregon <sup>7</sup>	1,275	84.0	92.7	88.7	32.5	75.0	56.6	7.2	7.2	7.7	6.4	6.9	4.0
Pennsylvania	3,390	88.2	94.4	87.3	89.7	83.7	78.4	93.7	97.6	96.5	93.3	91.0	77.6
Rhode Island	335	82.4	83.8	97.1	88.9	69.2	28.8	92.1	91.4	99.0	91.6	92.9	69.7
South Carolina	1,377	67.0	94.6	–	49.8	41.3	20.6	81.6	99.2	–	52.9	93.9	80.9
South Dakota	132	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tennessee	1,787	92.2	99.3	–	99.4	81.4	50.3	–	–	–	–	–	–
Texas <sup>9</sup>	5,628	81.2	97.1	–	56.1	72.1	42.5	80.2	96.2	–	50.6	74.2	45.1
Utah <sup>6</sup>	446	80.4	87.2	75.9	71.4	81.4	67.1	90.5	98.0	80.0	81.6	96.3	89.2
Vermont	198	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Virginia	1,845	73.8	97.4	86.7	75.7	1.9	5.1	16.4	0.2	9.1	1.6	80.7	62.9
Washington	2,153	86.2	96.7	96.6	90.0	52.4	6.5	8.8	1.0	2.4	2.3	32.5	67.3
West Virginia	632	82.6	98.9	97.4	94.7	49.2	3.4	44.3	46.2	60.0	57.8	8.9	17.8
Wisconsin	1,414	72.3	91.9	–	86.0	31.5	9.7	94.4	99.5	–	99.1	96.9	57.1
Wyoming	81	0.2	–	–	–	0.1	1.4	0.5	0.6	–	0.0	1.0	–

EXHIBIT 30. (continued)

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care					
		Primary care case management <sup>3</sup>					
		Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged
<b>Total</b>	<b>87,979</b>	<b>8.3%</b>	<b>11.2%</b>	<b>6.6%</b>	<b>7.1%</b>	<b>8.7%</b>	<b>3.1%</b>
Alabama	1,162	78.4	97.4	—	92.9	53.1	16.0
Alaska	255	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arizona	2,266	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arkansas	1,045	47.2	82.5	8.5	38.6	54.4	2.8
California <sup>6</sup>	13,918	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colorado <sup>7</sup>	1,551	94.3	98.4	97.5	91.9	86.8	57.5
Connecticut	1,177	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delaware	292	—	—	—	—	—	—
District of Columbia <sup>8</sup>	278	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	5,054	—	—	—	—	—	—
Georgia	2,448	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaii	429	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	436	85.6	96.1	92.4	91.7	66.6	26.3
Illinois <sup>8</sup>	3,371	—	—	—	—	—	—
Indiana <sup>7</sup>	1,932	—	—	—	—	—	—
Iowa	791	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0
Kansas	452	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kentucky	1,734	—	—	—	—	—	—
Louisiana <sup>7</sup>	1,823	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maine	422	56.0	82.2	83.6	48.9	31.6	1.7
Maryland	1,548	—	—	—	—	—	—
Massachusetts	1,980	28.0	34.1	41.4	27.3	23.6	1.0
Michigan	3,001	—	—	—	—	—	—
Minnesota	1,338	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mississippi	827	—	—	—	—	—	—



## EXHIBIT 30. (continued)

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care					
		Primary care case management <sup>3</sup>					
		Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged
Missouri	1,240	–	–	–	–	–	–
Montana	289	83.7%	95.4%	94.7%	83.0%	41.7%	3.1%
Nebraska	331	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nevada	880	–	–	–	–	–	–
New Hampshire	249	–	–	–	–	–	–
New Jersey	1,923	–	–	–	–	–	–
New Mexico	962	–	–	–	–	–	–
New York	7,253	–	–	–	–	–	–
North Carolina	2,535	67.6	91.6	–	40.1	75.9	45.9
North Dakota <sup>6</sup>	125	52.3	89.3	10.4	96.1	2.4	0.1
Ohio	3,146	–	–	–	–	–	–
Oklahoma	1,109	92.6	98.9	88.0	89.7	84.0	76.9
Oregon <sup>7</sup>	1,275	23.3	22.0	24.7	18.1	26.2	17.9
Pennsylvania	3,390	–	–	–	–	–	–
Rhode Island	335	–	–	–	–	–	–
South Carolina	1,377	0.1	0.0	–	–	0.5	–
South Dakota	132	73.7	89.7	–	91.8	37.2	10.8
Tennessee	1,787	–	–	–	–	–	–
Texas <sup>9</sup>	5,628	–	–	–	–	–	–
Utah <sup>6</sup>	446	–	–	–	–	–	–
Vermont	198	–	–	–	–	–	–
Virginia	1,845	–	–	–	–	–	–
Washington	2,153	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.0
West Virginia	632	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wisconsin	1,414	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wyoming	81	–	–	–	–	–	–

**EXHIBIT 30.** (continued)

**Notes:** FY is fiscal year. Enrollment numbers generally include individuals ever enrolled in Medicaid-financed coverage during the year, even if for a single month. However, in the event individuals were also enrolled in CHIP-financed Medicaid coverage (i.e., Medicaid-expansion CHIP) during the year, they are excluded if their most recent enrollment month was in Medicaid-expansion CHIP. Numbers exclude individuals enrolled only in Medicaid-expansion CHIP during the year and enrollees in the territories. Children and adults under age 65 who qualify for Medicaid on the basis of disability are included in the disabled category. Individuals age 65 and older eligible through an aged, blind, or disabled pathway are included in the aged category. Additionally, figures shown here may not be directly comparable to prior years due to differences in reporting between the Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System (T-MSIS) and the Medicaid Statistical Information System (MSIS).

Individuals are counted as participating in managed care if they had at least one month indicating plan enrollment. For MACPAC's analysis, Medicaid enrollees were assigned a unique national identification (ID) number using an algorithm that incorporates state-specific ID numbers and beneficiary characteristics such as date of birth and gender. The state and national enrollment counts shown here are unduplicated using this national ID. The sum of the state totals exceeds the national total because individuals may be enrolled in more than one state during the year. Medicaid enrollees may be enrolled concurrently in more than one type of managed care program (e.g., a comprehensive plan and a limited-benefit plan), so the sum of enrollment across program types as a percentage of total Medicaid enrollment may be greater than 100 percent.

Figures shown here, which are based on T-MSIS data, may differ from those that use Medicaid managed care enrollment report data. Reasons for differences include differing time periods, state reporting anomalies, and the treatment of Medicaid-expansion CHIP enrollees (excluded here but included in enrollment report data). Although the enrollment report is a commonly cited source, it does not provide information on the characteristics of enrollees in managed care (e.g., eligibility group).

– Dash indicates zero; 0.0% indicates an amount less than 0.05% that rounds to zero.

<sup>1</sup> Includes comprehensive managed care, health insuring organization, and Programs of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

<sup>2</sup> Includes prepaid inpatient health plan (PIHP), prepaid ambulatory health plan (PAHP), accountable care organization, and other plan types. PIHPs and PAHPs include plans covering services for long-term services and supports, behavioral health, substance use disorder, dental, transportation, and pharmacy.

<sup>3</sup> Primary care case management (PCCM) includes traditional PCCM, enhanced PCCM, and medical and health homes.

<sup>4</sup> Includes both newly eligible and not newly eligible adults who are eligible under Section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the Social Security Act (the Act). Newly eligible adults include those who are not eligible for Medicaid under the rules that a state had in place on December 1, 2009. Not newly eligible adults include those who would have previously been eligible for Medicaid under the rules that a state had in place on December 1, 2009; this includes states that had already expanded to adults with incomes greater than 100 percent of the federal poverty level as of March 23, 2010, and receive the expansion state transitional matching rate.

<sup>5</sup> Includes adults age 19 to 64 who qualify through a pathway other than disability or Section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the Act (e.g., parents and caretakers, pregnancy).

<sup>6</sup> State has a state plan amendment (SPA) that allows the state to receive the enhanced federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) for Medicaid children who would have, before January 1, 2014, been enrolled in CHIP if not for the elimination of the Medicaid asset test. These children cannot be separately identified in the T-MSIS data. Because the state claims the spending for these children as Medicaid-expansion CHIP, we reduced child enrollment and spending in these states based on the proportion reported in their SPA. Correspondingly, we reduced California's child enrollment by approximately 250,000, North Dakota's child enrollment by approximately 3,000, and Utah's child enrollment by approximately 12,000.

<sup>7</sup> State reported a large shift of enrollees between eligibility groups. Colorado reported a 35 percent increase in the new adult group and a 46 percent decrease for the other adult group. Indiana reported a 16 percent decrease for the new adult group and a 60 percent increase for the other adult group. Louisiana reported a 15 percent increase in the new adult group and a 10 percent decrease in the other adult group. Oregon reported a 33 percent increase in the new adult group, a 69 percent decrease in the other adult group, a 102 percent increase in the disabled group, and a 53 percent increase in the aged group.

<sup>8</sup> State reported enrollment for the new adult group that shows a difference of greater than 20 percent when compared to the CMS-64 enrollment report. The District of Columbia's average monthly enrollment was 36 percent less than the benchmark, and Illinois's average monthly enrollment was 113 percent more than the benchmark.

<sup>9</sup> State reported enrollment for the new adult group even though it had not expanded coverage in FY 2021.

**Source:** MACPAC, 2023, analysis of T-MSIS data as of February 2023.