

EXHIBIT 50. Medicaid Benefit Spending in T-MSIS and CMS-64 Data by State, FY 2023 (millions)

State	Benefit spending totals included in analysis			Amounts excluded from CMS-64 benefit spending totals	
	Unadjusted T-MSIS	CMS-64 ¹	T-MSIS as a percentage of CMS-64	DSH	Incentive and uncompensated care pool waivers
Total	\$793,963	\$850,130	93.4%	\$17,609	\$12,279
Alabama	6,466	7,668	84.3	209	–
Alaska	2,672	2,544	105.0	16	–
Arizona	20,309	21,971	92.4	166	49
Arkansas	6,436	8,620	74.7	23	–
California ²	118,778	120,957	98.2	806	2,301
Colorado	11,848	12,715	93.2	245	–
Connecticut	10,788	10,196	105.8	230	–
Delaware	3,493	3,327	105.0	16	–
District of Columbia	4,020	4,094	98.2	63	–
Florida	29,826	32,362	92.2	356	1,923
Georgia	13,443	15,470	86.9	537	–
Hawaii ³	2,924	2,999	97.5	44	–
Idaho	3,619	3,568	101.4	12	–
Illinois	24,920	31,839	78.3	444	–
Indiana	21,175	17,145	123.5	202	–
Iowa	6,893	6,906	99.8	18	–
Kansas	4,807	5,042	95.3	98	82
Kentucky	15,713	16,284	96.5	37	–
Louisiana	14,192	15,915	89.2	473	–
Maine	3,855	4,125	93.5	58	–
Maryland	16,271	16,804	96.8	184	–
Massachusetts	21,995	22,408	98.2	109	891
Michigan	19,344	22,698	85.2	664	–
Minnesota	18,694	18,438	101.4	70	–
Mississippi	5,616	6,183	90.8	164	–
Missouri	15,211	15,178	100.2	767	–
Montana	2,203	2,364	93.2	–	–
Nebraska	3,948	3,732	105.8	34	–
Nevada	5,064	5,583	90.7	22	–
New Hampshire	2,226	2,182	102.0	277	–
New Jersey	20,623	21,531	95.8	1,124	–
New Mexico	7,596	8,089	93.9	36	–
New York	83,328	93,959	88.7	3,904	–

EXHIBIT 50. (continued)

State	Benefit spending totals included in analysis			Amounts excluded from CMS-64 benefit spending totals	
	Unadjusted T-MSIS	CMS-64 ¹	T-MSIS as a percentage of CMS-64	DSH	Incentive and uncompensated care pool waivers
North Carolina	19,589	19,017	103.0	426	–
North Dakota ²	1,708	1,522	112.2	2	–
Ohio	27,769	31,077	89.4	777	–
Oklahoma	7,684	9,499	80.9	71	–
Oregon	10,692	14,722	72.6	77	–
Pennsylvania	43,189	42,698	101.1	1,297	–
Rhode Island	3,361	2,414	139.2	158	894
South Carolina	7,522	8,303	90.6	610	–
South Dakota	1,084	1,187	91.3	2	–
Tennessee	12,218	11,650	104.9	95	816
Texas	48,045	49,976	96.1	2,067	5,241
Utah ²	4,161	4,555	91.3	11	–
Vermont	1,804	1,894	95.2	23	83
Virginia	21,454	21,841	98.2	-6	–
Washington	17,707	28,822	61.4	376	0
West Virginia	5,619	5,399	104.1	74	–
Wisconsin	11,399	11,930	95.6	143	–
Wyoming	664	725	91.6	0	–

Notes: T-MSIS is Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System. FY is fiscal year. DSH is disproportionate share hospital. Includes federal and state funds. T-MSIS and CMS-64 data reflect unadjusted amounts as reported by states. Both sources exclude spending on administration, the territories, and Medicaid-expansion CHIP enrollees; in addition, CMS-64 amounts exclude \$24.5 billion in offsetting collections from third-party liability, estate, and other recoveries. For greater detail on the difference between T-MSIS and CMS-64, please see the Methodology for Adjusting Benefit Spending Data section. DSH payments and incentive and uncompensated care pool payments made under waiver expenditure authority of Section 1115 of the Social Security Act have also been excluded from CMS-64 totals. For informational purposes, the DSH and waiver expenditure amounts that were excluded are shown here.

– Dash indicates zero; \$0 indicates an amount less than \$0.5 million that rounds to zero.

¹ The total amount reported on the CMS-64 may differ slightly from the state and national totals of our adjusted T-MSIS spending reported in other exhibits due to rounding when applying certain adjustments.

² State has a state plan amendment (SPA) that allows the state to receive the enhanced federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) for children enrolled in Medicaid who would have, before January 1, 2014, been enrolled in CHIP if not for the elimination of the Medicaid asset test. These children cannot be separately identified in the T-MSIS data. Because the state claims the spending for these children as Medicaid-expansion CHIP, we reduced child enrollment and spending in these states based on the proportion reported in their SPAs. Correspondingly, we reduced California's T-MSIS spending by approximately \$785.6 million, North Dakota's T-MSIS spending by approximately \$10.8 million, and Utah's T-MSIS spending by approximately \$36.9 million.

³ The CMS-64 total for Hawaii excludes \$1.0 million in fee-for-service (FFS) drug spending because the state did not report any FFS drug spending in T-MSIS.

Sources: MACPAC, 2025, analysis of T-MSIS data as of February 2025; CMS-64 financial management report net expenditure data as of June 2024.